CHILD PASSENGER SAFETY NEWSLETTER

March 2009

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The Massachusetts Child Passenger Safety (CPS) Program is pleased to announce the establishment of its newsletter. The purpose of this newsletter is to serve as an informative resource regarding news and events for individuals interested in child passenger safety. We welcome article submissions and requests for topics in an effort to make the newsletter as beneficial as possible. If you are interested in submitting material or suggestions for future newsletters please contact us at 978-877-6002 or by e-mail at cps@fisher.edu. Thank you for your support and dedication to child passenger safety.

Diversity Committee

The Massachusetts Child Passenger Safety Program is developing a diversity plan to be implemented in partnership with state, local and private organizations. The plan commits to increasing the safety and quality of life for the diverse populations across the state, where adults and children are at highest risk for motor vehicle-related injuries and fatalities. These populations are not traditionally the recipients of the services of the CPS program, and the lack of diversity and bilingual skills of the almost 600 certified CPS technicians has resulted in less interaction and trust.

The diversity program will involve outreach to community leaders for program support, creating specialized programs, recruiting and training bilingual CPS technician candidates from minority populations and hosting check up events for educating parents and caregivers in targeted areas. A committee is currently being formed to include diversity specialists and CPS representatives to finalize and help implement the plan. We will be selecting a few CPS technicians and instructors to participate. If you are interested in this committee, please email us at cps@fisher.edu by March 16, 2009 using CPS – Diversity Committee followed by your last name in the subject line.

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MASSACHUSETTS CHILD PASSENGER SAFETY HOTLINE AT 1-877-392-5956 OR TTY 617-725-0261 WWW.MASS.GOV/CHILDSAFETYSEATS





The CPS Program would like to welcome back the individuals who have renewed their technician certification:

Richard Bailey, MA CPS Program Scott Bailey, Southbridge Police Department Elizabeth Blanchard, Natick Police Department Deborah Burns, Hanover Police Department Kym Craven, MA CPS Program Sarah D'Angelo, Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center Timothy Doane, Marblehead Fire Department Lorri Emond, GATRA Michael Findlen, Norfolk Fire Department Wayne Gilbert, Action Ambulance Michelle Halloran, Reading Police Department Brian Lauzon, Natick Police Department Robert LeGrice, Randolph Police Department Mark Miller, Action Ambulance Seth Newman, Massachusetts State Police Wayne Oliveira, Fairhaven Fire Department Michael Peters, Raynham Fire Department Cara Rossi-Cafarelli, Natick Police Department Daniel Simons, Boston Police Department Philip Tura, Bourne Fire Department

Upcoming Classes

4-day CPS Technician Courses

March 11, 12, 20 and 21, 2009 Holyoke Fire Department

April 8, 9, 17 and 18, 2009 COMM Fire Department, Barnstable

One-day Renewal Courses

March 19, 2009 Holyoke Fire Department

April 16, 2009 COMM Fire Department, Barnstable

To register for classes, please go to: www.mass.gov/childsafetyseats and click on the Upcoming CPS Technician Classes link.

Massachusetts Child Passenger Safety Program

118 Beacon Street Boston, MA 02116 cps@fisher.edu 978-877-6002

The following individuals successfully completed Technician Certification between October through December of 2008:

Nicole Adamson, RFK Children's Action Corps Nicole Allen, Boston Police Department Lamont Anderson, Boston Police Department John Arsenault, Lynn Fire Department Diva Ayuso Timothy Barros, Wellesley Police Department John Barry, Lynn Fire Department John Barry, Lynn Fire Department Joseph Bombardier, Whitman Police Department Donald Bourgeois, Lowell Police Department Donald Call, Beverly Police Department Denny Chan, Boston EMS Beth Coady, MA CPS Program - Fisher College Steve Conley, Oak Bluffs Police Department Sean Conneely, Hull Police Department Rafael Del-Razo, Boston EMS Jeff Dudley, Leominster Police Department Kerry Egan, Boston Police Department Lindsey Elliott, Children's Hospital Adam Foss, Salisbury Fire Department James Halkola, Phillipston Police Department Jay Hardy, Boston Police Department Martin Harrison, Boston Police Department Scott Holt, Littleton Fire Department Richard Kinney, Leominster Police Department Milton Kinney, Middlesex Sheriffs Stacy Leavens, Martha Eliot Health Center

Francisco Maldonado, Lowell Police Department Christine Marini, Boston Police Department Gary Marino, Boston Police Department James Martinez, Boston Fire Department/Boston Society of Vulcans Kevin McCaul, Wakefield Police Department Sue Mcguire-Doyle, Salisbury Fire Department Jermaine Mendez, Oak Bluffs Police Department Deborah Mikus, Lowell General Hospital Antonio Nunez, Boston Police Department Billy Owens, Boston Fire Department/Boston Society of Vulcans Michael Petrilli II, Dracut Fire Department Larry Pitcher, Lynn Fire Department David Porter, Cambridge Police Department Greg Robichaud, Leominster Police Department Felicia Robinson, Boston EMS William Slyne, Boston Police Department Robert Stokinger, Whitman Police Department Kimberly Sully, Boston EMS Jeffrey Tache, Beverly Police Department Robert Tobin, Kiessling Transit Inc. Matthew Waugh, Holliston Police Department Graham Williams, Boston EMS John Windley, Boston EMS Richard Woodward, Leominster Police Department

CPS Talking Points

Motor vehicle injuries are the leading cause of death among children in the U.S.¹
But many of these deaths can be prevented. Placing children in age- and size-appropriate car seats and booster seats reduces serious and fatal injuries by more than half.²

How big is the problem?

- In the United States during 2005, 1,335 children ages 14 years and younger died as occupants in motor vehicle crashes, and approximately 184,000 were injured. That's an average of 4 deaths and 504 injuries each day.²
- Among children under age 5, in 2006, an estimated 425 lives were saved by car and booster seat use.²

What are the risk factors?

- One out of four occupant deaths among children ages 0 to 14 years involved an alcohol impaired driver.³ More than two-thirds of these fatally injured children were riding with an alcohol impaired driver.⁴
- Restraint use among young children often depends upon the driver's seat belt use. Almost 40% of children riding with unbelted drivers were themselves unrestrained.⁵
- Child restraint systems are often used incorrectly. One study found that 72% of nearly 3,500 observed car and booster seats were misused in a way that could be expected to increase a child's risk of injury during a crash.⁶

How can injuries to children in motor vehicles be prevented?

- Child safety seats reduce the risk of death in passenger cars by 71% for infants, and by 54% for toddlers ages 1 to 4 years.²
- There is strong evidence that child safety seat laws, safety seat distribution and education programs, community- wide enforcement campaigns, and incentive-plus-education programs are effective in increasing child safety seat use.⁷
- Massachusetts law requires proper use of booster seats for children until they are at least 8 years of age or 4'9" tall.8
- According to researchers at the Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, for children 4 to 7 years, booster seats reduce injury risk by 59% compared to seat belts alone.⁹
- All children ages 12 years and younger should ride in the back seat. Adults should avoid placing children in front of airbags. Putting children in the back seat eliminates the injury risk of deployed front passenger-side air bags and places children in the safest part of the vehicle in the event of a crash.

Overall, for children less than 16 years, riding in the back seat is associated with a 40% reduction in the risk of serious injury. To learn more about effective interventions to increase child safety seat use, visit CDC's Motor Vehicle Occupant Safety page.

The following is a list of child safety seat companies and their contact information. This is a great reference to keep in case you may need to call customer service to answer a question, look up seats on their web page or print out directions for a seat.

Manufacturer Phone Numbers and Web Sites

For more information on the seats listed in this guide, please contact the individual manufacturers.

Baby Trend 800/328-7363 www.babytrend.com

Britax Child Safety 888/427-4829 www.britaxusa.com

Chicco USA 877/424-4226

www.chiccousa.com

Clek 866/656-2462 www.magnaclek.com

Combi International 800/992-6624 www.combi-intl.com

Compass Baby by Learning Curve 800/533-6708 www.learningcurve.com/compass

Cosco, Inc. 800/544-1108 www.coscojuvenile.com

Eddie Bauer 800/544-1108 www.djgusa.com/eddiebauer

Evenflo Company Inc. 800/233-5921 www.evenflo.com

E-Z-ON Products 800/323-6598 www.ezonpro.com

Fisher-Price 800/432-5437 www.fisher-price.com Graco

800/345-4109 www.gracobaby.com

Jané 866/355-2630 www.janeusa.com

Maxi Cosi 800/951-4113 www.maxi-cosi.com

Mia Moda 866/642-6632 www.miamodainc.com

Orbit Baby 877/672-2229 www.orbitbaby.com

Peg Perego USA, Inc. 800/671-1701 www.pegperego.com

Recaro of North America 248/364-3818 www.recaro.com Safe Traffic System, Inc. 773/509-0530 www.safetrafficsystem.com

SafeGuard 800/586-7839 www.safeguardseat.com

Safety Angel 888/743-3798 www.safetyangel.com

Safety 1st 800/544-1108 www.safety1st.com

Sunshine Kids Juvenile Products

888/336-7909

www.sunshinekidsjp.com

TriplePlay Products, LLC 800/829-1625 www.tripleplayproducts.com

CPS Talking Points References

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- 6) Department of Transportation (US), National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), Traffic Safety Facts Research Note 2005: Misuse of Child Restraints: Results of a Workshop to Review Field Data Results. Washington (DC): NHTSA; 2006. Available from URL: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/injury/research/TSF MisuseChildRetraints/images/809851.pdf. [cited 2008 March 19]
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